

ETAKE دفترچه راهنمای فارسی اینورترهای ایتیک

پارامتر های اولیه راه اندازی اینورتر

مقدار پارامتر	نام پارامتر	پارامتر	
۰ : کنترل برداری بدون سنسور سرعت (در این			
حالت باید پارامترهای موتور شناسایی شود)	. " " -	FO 04	,
۲ : کنترل خطی (ولتاژ / فرکانس) پیش فرض از این	حالت کنترل موتور	F0.01	'
حالت استفاده گردد			
۰ : فرمان از پنل	التخارين و في الت	FO 03	۲
۱ : فرمان از ترمینال	انتخاب منبع فرمان	F0.02	'
۰ : تنظیم دیجیتال (غیرقابل قبول در هنگام قطع			
برق)			
۱ : تنظیم دیجیتال (در صورت قطع برق آخرین			
مقدار ذخیره می شود)	منبع انتخاب فر کانش اصلی X	F0.03	۳
۲: ورودی آنالوگ ۰ تا ۱۰ ولت	ملبع المعتب فرفانس الفلق ٨	FU.U3	'
۶: چند مرجعی (MULTI STEP)			
PLC : Y			
PID : A			
• تا حداکثر فرکانس (زمانی معتبر است که F0.03	ف کان ، شده	FO 00	۴
روی ۰ یا ۱ تنظیم شده باشد)	فركانس پيشفرض	F0.08	'
از ۵۰ تا ۱۰۰۰ هر تز	حداکثر فرکانس	F0.10	۵
فر کانس کمینه پایین (F0.14) تا فر کانس حداکثر	هٔ کان شده بالا هٔ	FO 12	۶
فر کانس (F0.10)	فر کانس بیشینه بالا	F0.12	
از ۰ هرتز تا فرکانس بیشینه بالا (F0.12)	فركانس كمينه پايين	F0.14	٧
۵.۰ تا ۱۶ کیلو هرتز	فرکانس کلید زنی	F0.15	٨
به ثانیه	زمان شتاب	F0.17	٩
به ثانیه	زمان کاهش سرعت	F0.18	١٠

پارامتر های موتور

ترمينال ورودي

مقدار پارامتر	نام پارامتر	پارامتر	
۰ : بدون عملکرد ۱ : راستگرد	انتخاب عملكرد DI 1	F4.00	١
۲ : چپ گرد	انتخاب عملكرد DI 2	F4.01	۲
۳: کنترل ۳ سیمه (فرمان شاسی) ۴: راستگرد سرعت دوم (JOG) که در F8.00 قابل تنظیم	انتخاب عملکرد DI 3	F4.02	٣
است	انتخاب عملكرد DI 4	F4.03	۴
۵ : چپ گرد سرعت دوم (JOG) که در F8.00 قابل تنظیم است	انتخاب عملكرد 5 DI	F4.04	۵
۱۲ : ترمینال چند سرعته، سرعت اول در پارامتر FC.01			
۱۳ : ترمینال چند سرعته، سرعت دوم در پارامتر FC.02	انتخاب عملكرد DI 6	E4 OE	۶
۱۴ : ترمینال چند سرعته، سرعت سوم در پارامتر FC.04	التحاب عشدرد ت الا	F4.05	/
۱۵ : ترمینال چند سرعته، سرعت چهارم در پارامتر FC.08		K	

ترمينال خروجي

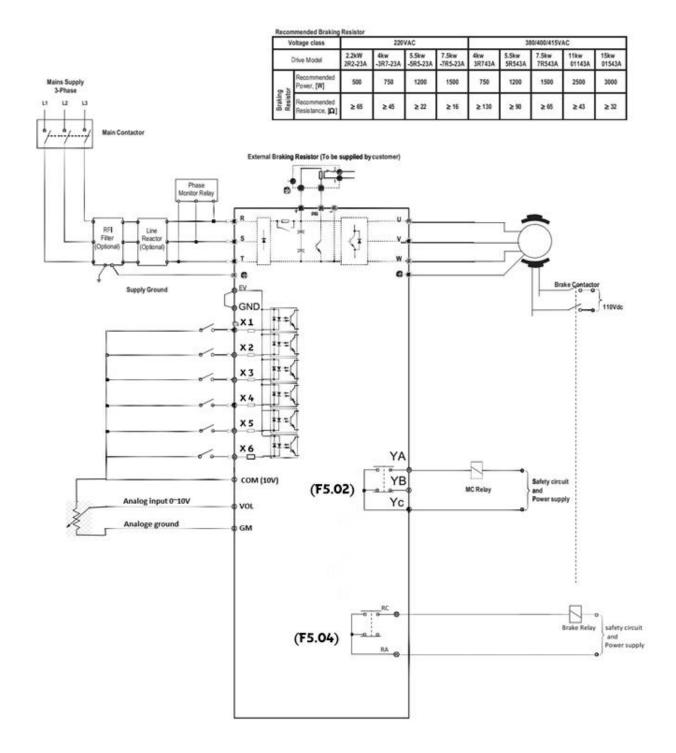
مقدار پارامتر	نام پارامتر	پارامتر	
۰ : بدون خروجی	رله خروجی 1 (T/A , T/B , T/C)	F5.02	١
۱ : اینورتر در حال کار	رله خروجی 2 (T/A , T/C)	F5.04	۲
۲ : خروجی خطا (توقف)			
۳: تشخیص سطح فر کانس خروجی FTD1			
(F8.19 , F8.20)			
۵ : سرعت صفر هر تز (در حالت توقف خروجی ندارد)			
۶ : هشدار اضافه بار موتور			

پار	پارامتر	نام پارامتر	مقدار پارامتر
01 1	FP.01	باز گشت به تنظیمات پیشفرض	۱ ۰ : بازگشت به تنظیات کارخانه (به استثنا تنظیمات
			موتور)



راهنمای سیم بندی

Wiring



پارامترهای موتور

مقدار پارامتر	نام پارامتر	پارامتر	
۰.۱ تا ۱۰۰۰ کیلووات	توان نامی موتور	F1.01	١
۱ تا ۲۰۰۰ ولت	ولتاژ نامی موتور	F1.02	۲
۶۵۵.۳۶ تا ۶۵۵.۳۶ آمپر (قدرت درایو ۵۵ => ۵۵ کیلووات) ۱۰۰ تا ۶۵۵۳.۵ آمپر (قدرت درایو ۵۵ < ۵۵ کیلووات	جریان نامی موتور	F1.03	٣
۰.۰۱ تا حداکثر فرکانس	فر کانس نامی موتو <i>ر</i>	F1.04	۴
۱ تا ۶۵۵۳۵ دور بر دقیقه (RPM)	سرعت چرهش نامی موتور	F1.05	۵

مقدار پارامتر	نام پارامتر	پارامتر	
	گشتاور راه اندازی (Torque boost)		
0.1% تا 10٪	برای کاربرد هایی که در فرکانس های پایین نیاز به گشتاور	F3.01	1
	دارند. مقدار تنظیمی بیشتر از ۹ توصیه نمی شود.		

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Pulse-by-pulse current limit fault	Err40	1: The load is too heavy or locked-rotor occurs on the motor. 2: The AC drive model is of too small power class.	1: Reduce the load and check the motor and mechanical condition. 2: Select an AC drive of higher power class.
Motor switchover fault during running	Err41	Change the selection of the motor via terminal during running of the AC drive.	Perform motor switchover after the AC drive stops.
Too large speed deviation	Err42	1: The encoder parameters are set incorrectly. 2: The motor auto-tuning is not performed. 3: F9-69 and F9-70 are set incorrectly.	1: Set the encoder parameters properly. 2: Perform the motor autotuning. 3: Set F9-69 and F9-70 correctly based on the actual situation.
Motor over-speed	Err43	1: The encoder parameters are set incorrectly. 2: The motor auto-tuning is not performed.3: F9-69 and F9-70 are set incorrectly.	1: Set the encoder parameters properly. 2: Perform the motor autotuning. 3: Set F9-69 and F9-70 correctly based on the actual situation.
Motor overheat	Err45	1: The cabling of the temperature sensor becomes loose. 2: The motor temperature is too high.	1: Check the temperature sensor cabling and eliminate the cabling fault. 2: Lower the carrier frequency or adopt other heat radiation measures.
Initial position fault	Err51	The motor parameters are not set based on the actual situation.	Check that the motor parameters are set correctly and whether the setting of rated current is too small.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
		The output circuit is grounded or short circuited.	1: Eliminate external faults.
		2: The connecting cable of the motor is too long.	2: Install a reactor or an output filter.
Inverter unit	Err01	3: The module overheats.	3: Check the air filter and the cooling fan.
protection	1000	4: The internal connections become loose.	4: Connect all cables
		5:The main control board is faulty.	properly. 5: Contact the agent or
		6: The drive board is faulty. 7: The inverter module is faulty.	ETAKE.
		1: The output circuit is grounded	1: Eliminate external faults.
		or short circuited. 2: Motor auto-tuning is not	2: Perform the motor auto- tuning.
		performed. 3: The acceleration time is too	3: Increase the acceleration time.
		short.	4: Adjust the manual torque
Overcurrent during	Err02	4: Manual torque boost or V/F curve is not appropriate.	boost or V/F curve. 5: Adjust the voltage to
acceleration	LIIOZ	5: The voltage is too low.	normal range.
		6: The startup operation is performed on the rotating motor.	6: Select rotational speed tracking restart or start the
		7: A sudden load is added during acceleration.	motor after it stops. 7: Remove the added load.
		8: The AC drive model is of too	8: Select an AC drive of
		small power class.	higher power class.
		The output circuit is grounded or short circuited.	1: Eliminate external faults.
		12. Motor auto-tuning is not	2: Perform the motor auto- tuning.
Overcurrent		3: The deceleration time is too	3: Increase the deceleration time.
during deceleration	Err03	short. 4: The ∨oltage is too low.	4: Adjust the voltage to
877		5: A sudden load is added during	normal range. 5: Remove the added load.
		deceleration. 6: The braking unit and braking	6: Install the braking unit and
		resistor are not installed.	braking resistor.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Overcurrent at constant speed	Err04	1: The output circuit is grounded or short circuited. 2: Motor auto-tuning is not performed. 3: The voltage is too low. 4: A sudden load is added during operation. 5: The AC drive model is of too small power class.	1: Eliminate external faults. 2: Perform the motor autotuning. 3: Adjust the voltage to normal range. 4: Remove the added load. 5: Select an AC drive of higher power class.
Overvoltage during acceleration	Err05	1: The input voltage is too high. 2: An external force drives the motor during acceleration. 3: The acceleration time is too short. 4: The braking unit and braking resistor are not installed.	1: Adjust the voltage to normal range. 2: Cancel the external force or install a braking resistor. 3: Increase the acceleration time. 4: Install the braking unit and braking resistor.
Overvoltage during deceleration	Err06	1: The input voltage is too high. 2: An external force drives the motor during deceleration. 3: The deceleration time is too short. 4: The braking unit and braking resistor are not installed.	1: Adjust the voltage to normal range. 2: Cancel the external force or install the braking resistor. 3: Increase the deceleration time. 4: Install the braking unit and braking resistor.
Overvoltage at constant speed	Err07	1: The input voltage is too high. 2: An external force drives the motor during deceleration.	1: Adjust the voltage to normal range. 2: Cancel the external force or install the braking resistor.
Control power supply fault	Err08	The input voltage is not within the allowable range.	Adjust the input voltage to the allowable range.
Undervoltage	Err09	1: Instantaneous power failure occurs on the input power supply. 2: The AC drive's input voltage is not within the allowable range. 3: The bus voltage is abnormal. 4: The rectifier bridge and buffer resistor are faulty. 5: The drive board is faulty. 6: The main control board is faulty.	1: Reset the fault. 2: Adjust the voltage to normal range. 3: Contact the agent or ETAKE.
AC drive overload	Err10	1: The load is too heavy or locked- rotor occurs on the motor. 2: The AC drive model is of too small power class.	1: Reduce the load and check the motor and mechanical condition. 2: Select an AC drive of higher power class.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Motor overload	Err11	1: F9-01 is setimproperly. 2: The load is too heavy or locked-rotor occurs on the motor. 3: The AC drive model is of too small power class.	1: Set F9-01 correctly. 2: Reduce the load and check the motor and the mechanical condition. 3: Select an AC drive of higher power class.
Power input phase loss	Err12	 The three-phase power input is abnormal. The drive board is faulty. The lightening board is faulty. The main control board is faulty. 	1: Eliminate external faults. 2: Contact the agent or ETAKE.
Power output phase loss	Err13	1: The cable connecting the AC drive and the motor is faulty. 2: The AC drive's three-phase outputs are unbalanced when the motor is running. 3: The drive board is faulty. 4: The module is faulty.	1: Eliminate external faults. 2: Check whether the motor three-phase winding is normal. 3: Contact the agent or ETAKE.
Module overheat	Err14	1: The ambient temperature is too high. 2: The air filter is blocked. 3: The fan is damaged. 4: The thermally sensitive resistor of the module is damaged. 5: The inverter module is damaged.	1: Lower the ambient temperature. 2: Clean the air filter. 3: Replace the damaged fan. 4: Replace the damaged thermally sensitive resistor. 5: Replace the inverter module.
External equipment fault	Err15	External fault signal is input ∨ia DI. External fault signal is input ∨ia virtual I/O.	Reset the operation.
Communication fault	Err16	1: The host computer is in abnormal state. 2: The communication cable is faulty. 3: F0-28 is set improperly. 4: The communication parameters in group FD are set improperly.	1: Check the cabling of host computer. 2: Check the communication cabling. 3: Set F0-28 correctly. 4: Set the communication parameters properly.
Contactor fault	Err17	1: The drive board and power supply are faulty. 2: The contactor is faulty.	1: Replace the faulty drive board or power supply board. 2: Replace the faulty contactor.

Fault Name	Display	Possible Causes	Solutions
Current detection fault	Err18	1: The HALL device is faulty. 2: The drive board is faulty.	1: Replace the faulty HALL device. 2: Replace the faulty drive board.
Motor auto-tuning fault	Err19	1: The motor parameters are not set according to the nameplate. 2: The motor auto-tuning times out.	1: Set the motor parameters according to the nameplate properly. 2: Check the cable connecting the AC drive and
Encoder fault	Err20	1: The encoder type is incorrect. 2: The cable connection of the encoder is incorrect. 3: The encoder is damaged. 4: The PG card is faulty.	the motor. 1: Set the encoder type correctly based on the actual situation. 2: Eliminate external faults. 3: Replace the damaged encoder. 4: Replace the faulty PG card.
EEPROM read- write fault	Err21	The EEPROM chip is damaged.	Replace the main control board.
AC drive hardware fault	Err22	1: Overvoltage exists. 2: Overcurrent exists.	1: Handle based on overvoltage. 2: Handle based on overcurrent.
Short circuit to ground	Err23	The motor is short circuited to the ground.	Replace the cable or motor.
Accumulative running time reached	Err26	The accumulative running time reaches the setting value.	Clear the record through the parameter initialization function.
User-defined fault 1	Err27	1: The user-defined fault 1 signal is input via DI. 2: User-defined fault 1 signal is input via virtual I/O.	Reset the operation.
User-defined fault 2	Err28	1: The user-defined fault 2 signal is input via DI. 2: The user-defined fault 2 signal is input via virtual I/O.	Reset the operation.
Accumulative power-on time reached	Err29	The accumulative power-on time reaches the setting value.	Clear the record through the parameter initialization function.
Load becoming 0	Err30	The AC drive running current is lower than F9-64.	Check that the load is disconnected or the setting of F9-64 and F9-65 is correct.
PID feedback lost during running	Err31	The PID feedback is lower than the setting of FA-26.	Check the PID feedback signal or set FA-26 to a proper value.